

Cronje in Full Retreat

With the Highlanders and Kelly-Kenny's Brigade in close pursuit. Boers Leave Their Big Guns Behind. Guard's Brigade now Occupy Magerfontein. Canadians were in it; Six Wounded. British Capture Wagons and Stores. Mounted Infantry Checking the Boer Retreat.

Winnipeg, Feb. 19, '00.
Jacobdal, Feb. 18th: General Kelly-Kenny is still pursuing the Boers. He has now captured more than 100 wagons. The Highland brigade, under General Macdonald, reinforced him after a forced march.

General French has left Kimberley to join in the pursuit of the Boers. The Guards have occupied the Boer position at Magerfontein. Further details of the Boer retreat show the enemy has been fighting a good rear guard action, occupying successive positions in order to allow the moving of their cavalry, which has been going off a slow pace, the animals apparently being dead beat.

Latest reports show that the Boers in the neighborhood of Klipkraal's Drift are undoubtedly disheartened.

French's magnificent march is still the subject of admiration especially in view of the dust storms and thunderstorms that all experienced.

The work of shelling the Boers proceeds vigorously. Owing to the style of the action, the Boers are bound to show in the open whenever they are obliged to leave the kopjes.

London, Monday, Feb. 19: The Daily News publishes the following, dated Sunday, night, from Modder rivier: "Our sudden appearance seems to have astounded the enemy and thrown them into a panic. All their positions were hurriedly evacuated and big guns at Magerfontein and Kimberley were left behind."

Cronje moved his transport consisting of many hundreds of wagons along the bank of the kopjes north of the Modder towards Kaffyfontein. It got past our mounted infantry, but owing to weariness had to stop. Thereupon the artillery re-opened upon it. The main body of Boer forces kept up a running fight the whole day, vainly trying to escape. Each time their advance guard sought to move off our mounted infantry galloped round and checked them. We never attempted to stop the main movement, contenting ourselves with trying to check them."

"Their position at Kaffyfontein is said to be strong. They entertain a wholesome dread of our 10,000 cavalry moving more quickly than they do themselves. We hope to be in Bloemfontein shortly."

Jacobdal, Feb. 17: General Cronje with 10,000 men is in full retreat towards Bloemfontein. General Kelly-Kenny is fighting a rear guard action and harassing the retreat.

The Boers are reported leaving Spyfontein and going in a northwesterly direction. The British captured a large conveyance as a result of Thursday's fighting at Beit river. The British casualties were comparatively slight in view of the tremendous bombardment, less than thirty men were wounded and but one killed. Gen. French's division was enthusiastically welcomed at Kimberley. The officers dined at the club last evening. News of the entry into Kimberley greatly encouraged the troops.

Cape Town, 17: The British steamer Laurentian, Capt. Nunon, which sailed from Halifax on Jan. 21st, with first artillery section of the second Canadian contingent of troops for service against the Boers arrived at this port to-day. Troops were welcomed by Sir Alfred Milner. Major John Hanbury S. Williams, military secretary to the governor of Cape Colony.

London, Monday 19: A dispatch to Times from Naauwpoort describing the retirement to Arundel draws attention to the devotion of twenty men of the Victoria mounted rifles who, when caught in trap, died to a man fighting to the last.

The Canadians took part in the Kimberley relief operations. They marched from Wedgeval in the right flank to attack Jacobdal, as reserves. Six were wounded or taken prisoners.

Chieveley, 18 Gen. Buller's casualties during the last three days operations have been about eighty. British forces have now easily ascended Montie Christo hill.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Gen. Hutton sailed from New York for England on Saturday.

James Flannagan, one of the earliest settlers in Winnipeg is dead.

Senator Clark of Montana, was examined before Senate Commission at Washington.

A majority of the Victoria hockey team of Winnipeg have left Montreal for Toronto. Referee Baird was given a present by the players on Saturday. Winnipeg Victorias take their defeat very well.

In the Winnipeg bospital the American risk: were defeated in the international.

Sir Charles Warren, unionist, was elected for Newark division of Nottinghamshire in bye-election on Saturday.

Liberals of Vancouver held an organization meeting and expressed confidence in Sir Wilfrid Laurier's administration.

LOCAL.

Hockey club ball on Friday evening.

Supreme court opens a week from to-morrow.

R. E. Burch, of Red Deer, was in town Friday.

G. G. Mann, Indian agent at Saddle lake, drove in Friday.

Major and Mrs. Snyder and family left for the east on Saturday.

W. Toole, of the C. P. R. land department, was in town Friday.

W. R. Hull, of the Gallagher-Hull Co., arrived from Calgary Friday.

Murdoch McKinlay, of Stony Plain, enlisted with Strathcona's Horse at Calgary.

John Harris and John Hudson arrived from Peace river and Lesser Slave lake on Saturday.

D. H. Lent, the new incumbent of the White Whale lake mission, came in from Gleichen on Friday.

In its Friday issue the Advertiser announces its retirement from the journalistic field in Edmonton.

The interior fittings of the Merchants bank have been improved by the addition of a metal cage for the teller.

Joel Class, wife and family from Bluff Mills, Indiana, arrived here last Monday evening to settle in the Edmonton district.

W. E. Reid, who lately returned from the north, formerly a member of the Glen-Campbell party, joined Strathcona's Horse at Calgary.

A \$366.65 lot of fur, brought in by John Borwick, from Whitford, was purchased on Thursday by W. B. Stennett.

The Albertans: James Johnson, wife and family, Danes, from Nebraska, went through to Edmonton Saturday morning with a car of stock and settlers' effects valued at \$1,200.

W. M. Murphy, who joined the Mounted Rifles here but was retired at Regina on account of his horseman's ship, is among the list of members of Strathcona's Horse enlisted at Regina.

A new Roman Catholic school for boys, was opened this morning in the former C. M. B. A. hall, which has been purchased by the school trustees. W. J. McNamara, has been appointed principal.

At the Salvation Army barracks on Thursday evening, W. A. Biddle, gives a lecture illustrated by lime light views, on "The Life of Christ." Scenes of several of the battles in the Boer war will also be shown. A collection will be taken to defray expenses. A cordial invitation is extended to the public.

Holland Ross returned on Thursday night last from an extended trading trip to Smoky river and Lesser Slave lake, having gone in by way of Lac St. Ann and Island lake. At the western end of Lesser Slave lake he reports three feet of snow. The trip in was made by dog train, via the Athabasca river and Landing. He intends returning shortly.

A ladies curling match, married vs. single, will take place at the curling rink on Thursday evening, March 1st. Immediately after the match another game will be played between the winners and a rink of gentlemen who have never played before. An admission fee of 25c will be charged, proceeds to go towards the new public hospital. Refreshments will be sold.

Plans have been prepared by the government and work will commence shortly on the erection of a new immigration building at Strathcona. The building will be similar to the one erected at Dauphin last year. The town of Strathcona is purchasing a site from the town site owners and will present it gratis.

Sheriff Robertson received on Friday a letter from his son, Fred, written from Dawson on January 19th. The letter states that a great many people are leaving Dawson for the new gold fields at Cape Nome. They start out in twos and threes, pulling their own sleighs. All the steam boats are chartered and are now refusing tickets. It is impossible to secure passage at less than \$100 to \$250. It was expected that the exodus would leave Dawson deserted. The recent fire which had visited Dawson destroyed the main street and it was doubtful if it would be rebuilt.

The following delegates arrived last night from North Dakota: G. P. Sanford, Cathay; Ralph Farmer, Sykerton. They, with C. W. Sutter, started out to-day to look over the Morinville and River Qu'Appelle district. They were greatly pleased with the samples seen at the immigration hall and will take a number of samples back with them to show a large number of people who are contemplating emigrating to Alberta this spring if the report of their delegates is satisfactory.

An open meeting, in memory of Miss Frances Willard, will be held, under the auspices of the W.C.T.U. in the Methodist church on Monday, 19th inst., at 8 p.m. A good musical and literary programme is being prepared. All are cordially invited.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Seed Oats for Sale.

A few hundred bushels of No. 1 Swedish Oats, grown from hand picked seed and sown in breaking. Price 35c. per bushel. Also pure Scotch Fife Wheat at 60c. per bushel.

JOHN FIELDS, Poplar Lake.

Help Wanted.

Man and wife, without incumbrance, to assist on farm. Both must be familiar with farm work, and woman able to milk. Ontario people preferred. Enquire at BULLETIN office.

Tenders Wanted.

Tenders will be received at the office of F. Bergeron, Architect, up to noon, March 1st, next, for the construction of the new Walker Block. Plans and specifications and form of contract to be seen on and after Tuesday, 13th inst., at the office of F. Bergeron, superintendent. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Curling Match.

A Match will take place at the Curling Rink on

Thursday, March 1st

at 8 o'clock, p. m.

FOUR RINKS

Married against Single Ladies

AND

Ladies against Gentlemen.

(The gentlemen are new players)

Admission 25c. Refreshments will be served for which a small charge will be made.

Proceeds in aid of the Edmonton Cottage Hospital.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

Engines & Boilers

—ON—

Wednesday, February 28th,

1900, AT

EDMONTON AUCTION ROOMS.

I, the undersigned, have been instructed to sell by public auction without reserve:

One Marine High Pressure Boiler and Engine. (Engine about 16 horse power, Boiler about 20 horse power.
One Marine High Pressure Boiler and Engine. (Engine about 12 horse power, Boiler about 16 horse power.

The above Boilers and Engines are fitted with all of the latest improvements and can be adapted to any use.

Terms cash.

A. E. POTTER, Auctioneer.

Notice re School Taxes.

Unless all arrears of Taxes in Belrose School District No. 6 are paid within thirty days from February 15th, 1900, action to recover the same as provided by law will be taken.

JOHN HAROLD, JR.,
Sec'y-Treas., Edmonton.

Notice re School Taxes.

Notice is hereby given that all School Taxes due Egg Lake Public School District No. 429 must be paid on or before March 1st, 1900, or proceedings according to law will be taken.

NATHANIEL LOGAN,
Collector and Treasurer.

Seeds.

Brandon Seed House

FIELD Varieties of all kinds including both GRAIN and GRASS.

GARDEN Varieties of all kinds, including VEGETABLE and FLOWER Seeds.

Send for our Catalogue which will be mailed to you as soon as issued.

A. E. MCKENZIE & Co.,
BRANDON, MANITOBA.

FARM LANDS.

Referring to my advertisement lately running in this paper calling for FARM LANDS to sell, I have found it necessary to print and distribute my pamphlet "Farm Lands for Sale" earlier than was expected. It is now in the printer's hands. I intend, however, to issue a supplementary number about the end of February and will ask those wishing to dispose of their farms to place them with me before that date.

I may say that these pamphlets are going directly into the hands of intending settlers every one of whom will buy or take up land in this District.

T. A. STEPHEN,
Real Estate Agent,
EDMONTON.

The "Sylvester"

...COMES AT LAST.

Just arrived a carload of

Sylvester Shoe Drills and Machinery.

The Sylvester leads them all in Manitoba and will in Edmonton. Call and see them.

JAS. WALSH, V. S. Agent,
Back of Massey-Harris, Edmonton.

Bulls for Sale.

Two Registered Thoroughbred Short-horn Bulls, one eleven and the other sixteen months old. May be seen at Spruce Grove P. O., where any information concerning same may be had. Apply to

JNO. A. McPHERSON,
Spruce Grove, Alta.

FOR SALE
In Feb. 2 d on Henry Blain's premises, north of Stony Plain, a capital cow, about 16 months old, with white and black spots. Owner looks the same and thinks it to be the prize of Stony Plain Reserve will be rewarded for his trouble.

TEACHER WANTED

For Egg Lake Public School District No. 429 First or second class certificate. Duties to commence about March 1st. Yearly salary. Apply, stating salary, to

NATHANIEL LOGAN, Egg Lake P. O.

TO RENT.

House on Fraser Avenue, lately occupied by Mr. Pettis. Good well. Apply to

G. H. WHARTON.

FOR SALE

The Stratton River Mill building. New, about 25 x 42, two double doors and basement, double oiled and paper between. Very substantial and very suitable for granary or farm. Can be easily taken down in sections and moved and set up without injury to lumber or shingles. Tenders will be received till March 15th.

Address Box 163, Edmonton.

Hockey Club Ball.

Under the auspices of the Edmonton Hockey Club.

Robertson Hall, Feb'y 23rd.

Tickets \$1.50, including lady.

Ladies 25c.

THOS. HOUTSTON, R. G. HARDISTY,
President. Sec'y-Treas.

HORSES.

Two carloads of Heavy Draught and General Purpose Mares and Geldings will arrive on the 20th inst. For sale at Carriage Co.'s old stables.

D. STEWART.

Our New Goods

FOR

Spring and Winter Wear

HAVE JUST ARRIVED.

There is no need to send away from home for a New or Stylish Suit. We can compete in Price, Style and Workmanship with any eastern firm. Try us. Don't send your orders away. Potatoes home industry and be convinced. Our new lines of Scotch Tweeds, Seracs, Cheviots, Clay Worsted and full line of Fashions are worthy of inspection.

PROCTOR & SAIGEON,
IMPERIAL BANK BLOCK.

NOTICE.

Sealed tenders will be received by the undersigned up to the 13th day of March, 1900, at noon, for the purchase of the following:

1. Poplar Lake Skimming Station building.
2. Sturgeon Skimming Station building.
3. Sturgeon Ice House.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

A. C. RUTHERFORD,
Sec'y-Treas. Edmonton District Butter and Cheese Mfg. Association, Ltd.

Strathcona, Feb. 14th, 1900.

J. T. BLOWEY Chest Protectors

VERSES

..Furniture..

Edmonton and Strathcona.

1000 Chairs just arrived which we will sell at 45c, 50c, 55c, 60c up to \$25.

You cannot do without a Clothes Horse in the cold weather.

3 leaves, 4ft high, \$1.25
3 leaves, 5ft high, \$1.75

J. T. BLOWEY.

Post Office Drug Store, Edmonton

Cough Remedies.

If it is a question of chest protector, or cough and cold remedies, choose the former every time. The latter may be effective—but there's the inconvenience. The Chest Protector prevents coughs and colds. It's a sort of insurance policy, and the rate isn't high—not with the handsome cheviots and felt-lined protectors which we are selling. We are willing to ruin our cough medicine trade by selling everybody a chest protector.

G. H. GRAYDON,

School Suits for Boys.

For years we have devoted our special attention to the Clothing needs of the Boys and Little Men. This department has so developed until we now show the largest and most complete range of Boys' Clothing in Edmonton.

Our School Suits are particularly adapted for the rough usage of the play ground, with short and long pants, single and double breasted, for boys of all ages, from \$2.50 up to \$8.00.

Then our Little Men's Suits are very cute, they fit so well and look so nice on the little fellows, pleasing the mothers and charming the boys. Price \$1.25 to \$5.00 each.

Come and bring the boys—we will do the rest.

W. T. Henry & Co.

McDougall & Secord.

...NEW...

Spring Goods

ARRIVING EVERY DAY.

Black Dress Goods.

We are showing a magnificent range of these Goods at prices to suit all pockets, from 25c a yard to \$3.

SERGES. LUSTRES. CREPELINE CORD
CASHMERES. SEICILLONS. CHEVIOT CLOTHS
POPLINS. BOX CLOTHS, Etc., Etc. Etc.

Colored Dress Goods.

In Cut Dress Ends. Over a hundred different patterns, no two alike, at wonderfully low prices.

Ladies' Skirt Patterns.

This is the line we make a special effort to carry the very newest and most up-to-date Goods in.

FANCY CREPONS, TARTANS,
FANCY TWEEDS, FRENCH MIXTURES,
FANCY HOMESPUNS, ENGLISH CHECKS.

Linen Goods.

TABLE DAMASKS, TOWELINGS,
TABLE NAPKINS, DOYLEYS,
TABLE COVERS, CENTRE PIECES

Flannelettes.

ENGLISH, REVERSIBLE, GREYS,
PINKS, STRIPES, CHECKS.
All beautiful West Goods.

House Furnishings.

LACE CURTAINS, RUGS,
DAMASK CURTAINS, ART SQUARES,
CARPETS, LINOLEUMS.

Ladies' Ready-made Goods.

JACKETS, WRAPPERS, BLOUSES,
SKIRTS, CAPES, SUITS.

EDMONTON BULLETIN

(SEMI-WEEKLY)

Printed Monday and Friday evenings.

Subscription \$1.00 per Year
STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

Transient advertisements: Five lines and under, three insertions and under, \$2.00; or ten cents a line for each week or part of week after.

Standing advertisements: \$1.00 an inch per month.

BULLETIN CO. (LTD.)

Special Advertisements.

Situations vacant, Situations wanted, Period, Lost, Notices of Meetings, in bold face, 25 words or under, for one insertion, and a cent a word for each word over 25.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, FEB 19TH, 1900

CANADA'S CONTRIBUTION.

The Canadian government has given notice of their intention to move for an appropriation of \$2,000,000 as Canada's contribution to the aid of the imperial authorities in putting down the war in South Africa. This amount will pay for the contingent and also provide a fund for the aid of the wives and families of those who may fall in the field. From the fund it is to be made up the difference of pay to the men and officers by the Imperial government and that given to Canadian militiamen. This \$2,000,000 will carry the force only up to July 1. If the war lasts longer more money will be required.

EN ROUTE EAST.

The first train load of Strathcona's scouts arrived in Winnipeg on Tuesday. There were 287 officers and men in the number and, though the weather was most unpleasant, they were greeted by a crowd of 1,000 people, who enthusiastically cheered the men when the train pulled in. They were taken to the drill hall where lunch was served and patriotic speeches made, after which they pulled out for the east at nine.

WAR NOTES.

The government announcement that in three weeks Lord Roberts will have 100,000 men in South Africa, intensifies public curiosity to unveil that closest official secret as to where this stupendous force is. High authorities agree that Lord Roberts, after safeguarding communications will have only 35,000 or 40,000 men for his northward march. Estimates as to how many Boers he will have to face are more guess work as so much depends on the fate of Ladysmith and the number of Boers released from that point.

In regard to General Macdonald's operations, Lord Roberts in a despatch to the war office dated Thursday, February 8th, does not mention the former's retirement to the Modder river, but says "General Macdonald was despatched to prevent the Boers blocking the main drift at Koodoosberg and successfully established himself at Koodoosberg in spite of the determined efforts of the Boers to dislodge him. At General Macdonald's request, General Babinington was sent with reinforcements Wednesday, Feb. 7. General Babinington threatened the Boers north of Koodoosberg while another force drove off the Boers southward." The dispatch concludes with the statement: "The enemy have now evacuated their position and none are in sight." The despatch from Koodoosberg Drift does not say whether General Babinington finally joined General Macdonald but the word "combined" seems to indicate that he did so.

London, Feb. 10.—A despatch to the Morning Post from Modder river dated Thursday, says that Gen. Macdonald and Gen. Babinington's forces will return shortly and adds that the reinforcements to the reconnaissance emanated from headquarters.

A despatch to the Times from Koodoosberg, dated Thursday, Feb. 8, says: "It is reported that Boer reinforcements are arriving from Magerfontein. Our position is easily tenable, but the entire force has been ordered to return to Modder river tomorrow."

Gen. Macdonald's retirement puzzles the military commentators. The theory that finds acceptance is that it was ordered by Lord Roberts and that both Gen. Buller's and Gen. Macdonald's operations were by the direction of the commander-in-chief, in order to occupy the Boers at widely separated points, so they would be unable to transfer any portion of their forces to oppose the projected central advance.

This war office despatch from Lord Roberts also confirms the reports that Gen. Gatacre has repulsed the Boers at Birds river, and that security of both outposts is established.

Spekman's Camp, Wednesday, Feb. 7.—The war bulletin has proved a most useful adjunct, making access daily and getting information as to the Boer positions. The Boers directed a heavy shrapnel fire in the endeavor to destroy the balloon apparatus. Their artillery behaved splendidly throughout, ably covering the infantry retirement from the front attack in the face of heavy Boer shell fire. It is believed that the Boer suffered very heavily as their ambulances were hard at work.

The Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain's speech in the house of commons on 8th, greatly improved the public spirit, and has to some extent restored confidence in the government. It is evident from Mr. Chamberlain's speech that the government intends to continue a steady hammering policy

in South Africa in the belief that only time is needed to reward its policy with British victories. As an evidence of the government's activity it has been cited that an announcement has been made that 13,000 more men and 9,000 horses leave England for South Africa before Monday.

On the eve of the expected great move of Roberts, it is interesting to recall that the 18th Feb. was the 125th day of the war; that the imperial troops in South Africa now number about 105,000 men with 15,000 more in transit. That the British losses in killed, wounded and missing aggregate 11,000 men. That, with the exception of driving the Free Staters from Gras Pan behind the line of the Modder, the Boers to-day hold the same positions they held when first they surrounded Ladysmith, Kimberley and Mafeking and overran Natal and Northern Cape Colony.

Mr. Wyndham was loudly cheered when he declared there was no intention of rendering military service compulsory, but that many things would be done to develop the existing military resources by rendering service in the militia, yeomanry and volunteers more attractive, and by bringing veterans who had been with the colors, and reserve duty at home. The effect of these speeches and especially the passages relating to improved artillery, increased strength of light cavalry, and organization of colonial auxiliary forces, on an imperial basis is to strengthen the government.

The following is the scale for wound pensions and compensation in the British army. For the loss of an eye or limb (or injury equivalent to the loss of an eye or limb), a colonel receives \$1,200 a year; major, \$1,000; captain, \$800; lieutenant, \$650; highest grades of non-commissioned officers, 1 shilling or 3 shillings and 6 pence per day; corporals 9 pence to 3 shillings; privates 6 pence to 2 shillings and 6 pence. Pensions for widows and children of officers are: Widow of colonel killed, \$300 a year; child, \$120; widow of major, \$200; widow of captain, \$200; widow of lieutenant, \$200. Allowances for children of officers lower than colonel, decrease in the same proportion. The widows and children of officers who die within twelve months, death being caused by exposure while on active service, are pensioned as follows: Widows of colonel, \$375 a year; child, \$100, decreasing in proportion to rank. Motherless children are pensioned at double rates. No pension is granted at present to widows and children of non-commissioned officers and men, but a proposal covering their cases is now before the treasury. Widows and children of non-commissioned officers and men are, however, receiving grants from the Royal Patriotic fund.

LESSONS OF THE WAR.

Julian Ralph, in a letter to the Daily Mail from Modder river says the British defeats at the hands of the Boers are due to the fact that the methods of modern warfare have been brought to a pause by the demonstrated power of the weapons of today. The essential qualities of the army of 20 years ago are no longer supreme necessities of success. The man behind the gun stands more supreme than ever. He digs a trench, lines it with good shots, supported by modern artillery, and no enemy can advance in the face of them. They may be outflanked, or starved, but while their ammunition holds out, none can out them; for they can fill a whole plain plover a radius of at least 1,000 yards, with such withering blast of shrapnel and rifle bullets that no troops can stand in the open before it.

Speaking of Magerfontein, he says the Boers there demonstrated the fact that given a plain field glass, modern magazine rifles and quick firing small guns, the whole German army itself could not dislodge the 65,000 of the two Boer regiments edged trenches. No 50,000 British could have beaten the 15,000 Boers except at such a sacrifice of life, as no commanding officer could be pardoned for sacrificing. For a frontal attack the old military manuals declared the attacking force must be three times more than the public in a frontal attack, on these defending forces. To-day with new weapons, ten must attack one. One of the most formidable of the new conditions of war, which we are experiencing, is that we never or next to never see the foe. There are men in our army who have never seen a Boer in battle. I know of officers who have only seen one or two in one battle, and five or six in another. Our men have thrown themselves upon the velvet and have fired for hours at a time at a noise or flame from the enemy's trenches which they could not see. At Magerfontein there were whole battalions that did not know at the end of the day whether the enemy was north of the river or south. A European army, fighting under European rules, is a clumsy weapon against the Boer who opposes us with weapons which render one man as good as ten and all ten invisible.

At the initiation of Monday's sitting, of the British Colonial assembly, Hon. Dr. McKelvie read a telegram he had just received from Captain Henry J. Woods, of Dawson, professing 30 rough riders, or mounted police, for service in South Africa, with either the provincial contingent or Lord Strathcona's forces. The president of the council made a fitting reference to the handsome offer of the under the British flag, as evidencing the breadth of imperial patriotism, and his remarks were cheered to the echo by both sides of the house.

MUSIC

Mr. Vernon Barford (Organist of All Saints' Church, Edmonton) is prepared to give lessons on Piano or Organ to pupils of both juvenile and senior grades. Lessons given at pupils' residences. Engagements for Concerts and Dances accepted. For terms, address at Edmonton P. O. 2331.

TO LET.

First-class front offices in the Humboldt Block, in suite or separate. Enquire at P. HEIMINOR'S Real Estate Offices.

House and Lot for Sale.

Anyone wanting to buy a house and lot and a good stable and well at a reasonable price, apply to MRS. J. LAROSE, Strathcona, 2823.

Horses For Sale.

I will arrive in Edmonton on the 13th of February with a car load of good General Purpose Horses. JOHN OWENS, Pine Creek.

TENDERS WANTED.

Tenders will be received at the office of P. Heimino, at 28, up to noon, March 5th, next, for the construction of the new Walker Block. Plans and specifications and form of contract to be seen on and after Tuesday, 28th inst., at the office of P. Heimino, superintendent. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Tenders Wanted.

Sole tenders marked "Tender for Coal" will be received by the undersigned up to 8 p.m. on 25th February. Tenders to state price per ton for coal to be delivered as required. "One date to 25th December, 1900, to the order of the Municipality. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. By order, G. D. J. HINSHAW, Secy-Treasurer Town of Edmonton.

Jas. McDonald, REAL ESTATE

Fire, Accident, Plate Glass INSURANCE. Agent for Globe & McCallum Safe, Newcomb. BULLETIN BLOCK, Box 44 Edmonton.

NOTICE.

The Liquor License Ordinance, North-West Territories.

Application has been made by Samuel Wesley Oliver for the transfer to him of the hotel license granted to Neville White in respect of the Queen's Hotel at Fort Saskatchewan. In case any protest against the granting of the transfer is received within fourteen days from the date of the advertisement of this notice, the application will be considered by the Board of Commissioners for Liquor District No. 3, at Edmonton, on Tuesday, the 13th day of March, 1900, at 10 o'clock, a.m. Dated at Regina, this 10th day of February, 1900. R. B. GORDON, Acting Chief License Inspector.

ESTRAY.

On the premises of the undersigned, two mares, one sorrel with colt, cropped ears, branded circle and bar on left hip; one dark brown mare three years old, white forehead, no brand. Owner is requested to prove property, pay expenses and take away. JOSEPH MCLEN, Logan P. O.

TEACHER WANTED.

For Josephburg School, must hold first or second class certificate. One that can speak German preferred. Duties to commence at once. Address GUS DOER, Secy-Treas. Beaver Hills P. O.

SERVANT WANTED.

Good general servant wanted. Apply at this office. 2823.

ESTRAY.

One red steer, branded 810 on left side in two places. A suitable reward for information as to its whereabouts. WM. J. MCRAE, Box 254, Edmonton.

TO REUSE.

For a term of years the Walker Farm, Agriculture settlement, 250 acres under cultivation, frame house of nine rooms, frame granary 24 x 36, good well, good buildings, half a mile from school, church on corner of farm. For further particulars apply to WM. WALKER, Agriculture P. O.

WANTED.

A good general servant, must be a good plain cook. Wages \$15.00 a month. Apply to MRS. JOHN L. JOHNSON, Calgary.

EDMONTON MACHINE SHOP.

I have taken over the business formerly conducted by Stapley & Brewster, and am prepared to do all kinds of repair work on engines and farm and other machinery. Blacksmith and Wood-working shop in connection. Satisfaction guaranteed. W. A. BREWSTER, Stapley & Brewster's old stand, Edmonton.

YOU HAVE THE WRONG BOOK if you haven't THE AUTHENTIC LIFE OF BUR CHAMMAN, BY REV. J. WILSON CHAMMAN, D. D., DR. D. M. Whistler and others, most intimate friends and co-workers of Mr. Moody, who could write with a better appreciation of his Father's LIFE THAN YOU. Over 500 pages, magnificently illustrated with exclusive photographs. IF YOU ARE WISE, you will send at once 20 cents to pay postage on FREE OUTFIT. HIGHEST CASH PRICE, credit given; freight paid. JOHN C. WINSTON & CO., Bay and Richmond Streets, Toronto, Ont.

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY



We are offering bargains in

Ladies' Flannelette Blouses

In a large variety of patterns at reduced prices. Also the balance of our stock of

FURS.

In Coats, Capes, Gauntlets, Caps, etc., etc.

At close figures to make room for our spring importations.

In Dress Winter Goods and Clothing.

Underwear and Hosiery

We have also many bargains to offer before again stocking up for spring trade, and would like to call special attention to these lines; the material is of the best, the designs the latest, and the prices will compare very favorably with those of the east.

There is no reason for any one being at the trouble, expense and annoyance of sending money away for an unseen article which they can buy at home to better advantage and from personal selection.

We will be pleased to demonstrate this fact at

HUDSON'S BAY STORES.



A Beautiful Iron Bed Only \$5.50

The coming Bed for Alberta. It will pay you to buy Iron Beds because they are stronger, cleaner and nicer than any other bed made. The cost is very little more than a wooden one and you get ten times the wear. We have just unloaded a carload of Iron and Brass Beds, Springs and Mattresses.

Give us a call. We have the latest designs and best beds. Over twenty kinds to choose from.

McIntosh & Whitelaw.

UPHOLSTERING, PICTURE FRAMING, AND UNDERTAKING.

Farm for Sale.

A good farm for sale in the Beaver Hills, ten miles south-east of Fort Saskatchewan. Write to ROBT. SCOTT, Trout Lake City, B.C.

Gallagher-Hull Meat & Packing

COMPANY (Limited). Dealers in all kinds of Fresh and Cured Meats.

HOGS, CATTLE AND SHEEP.

Chickens, Turkeys, and all Game in season.

Special attention given to local trade. Hides Bought and Sold.

Special Discount

ON

PEA JACKETS,

ULSTERS,

FUR COATS,

FUR CAPS

H. SIGLER'S..

GENERAL PURPOSE MARES

A car-load—all mated—to arrive this week also 50 others now in our stables.

FOR SALE AT

Larose & Starret's Stables

STRATHCONA.

ROBERT HOCKLEY,

Barber and Tobacconist

Is showing the best assorted line of B.B.B. (own make) PIPES ever presented here. Just arrived the PERQUE TOBACCO at HOCKLEY'S, opposite the Bulletin Block.

FOR SALE.

On easy terms, a first-class meat business, with a large trade. Centrally situated. Selling on account of ill-health. Apply at Bulletin Office. 11-29

Key Stones

Tombstones

Window Sills

Cement Cisterns

Granolithic Walks

And all kinds of Cement Work made on the shortest notice at

EDMONTON GRANOLITHIC WORKS.

Opposite Garripy & Chenevix, Ed.onton.

Cartage Company

EDMONTON, ALBERTA.

TRANSIENT TEAMING...

Any goods consigned to our care will receive prompt attention.

M. McCauley, Proprietor.

P. O. Box 194. Telephone 39.

Canadian Pacific

RAILWAY.

Excursion rates to all Winter Resorts.

Pacific Coast, California, Hawaiian Islands, Japan, the Bermudas and the West India Islands.

Quickest and Best Train Service to the East and West.

The only direct service to the Kootenay.

Tourist Car Service to Montreal, Toronto, Vancouver, Seattle and San Francisco.

For information and full particulars apply to nearest agent or address

Wm. SETTE, A.G.P.A. Winnipeg. C.E. McPHELAN, G.P.A., Winnipeg.

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Wm. SETTE, A.G.P.A. Winnipeg. C.E. McPHELAN, G.P.A., Winnipeg.

Xmas. Wines, Liquors & Cigars.

THE BEST ASSORTMENT.

HAIG & HAIG

SCOT'S WHISKY

SPECIAL

HAIG & HAIG

ESTD. SINCE 1820

J. B. MERCER.

Men... Wanted

To buy Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobaccos at Fitzgerald's, opposite La Banque Jacques Cartier.

Dowling Milling Co

Our Mill, just completed, is equipped with the most approved and up-to-date machinery, consequently our brands of Flour are the best value, and give the utmost satisfaction. A trial of them will convince the purchaser that it is to his interest to buy none other.

"BEST PATENT"

"STRONG BAKERS"

"GOLDEN HARVEST"

"WHITE CLOVER"

Brans, Shorts and Feed constantly on hand. Grinding and Chopping done on short notice.

Highest Cash Price Paid for Wheat. Correspondence as to quotations, etc., will be promptly answered.

EDMONTON, ALBERTA.

Telephone connection.

Upper Canada Bible Society

Bibles and Testaments in Cies, English, French, Russian, Polish and German or sale at G. H. L. Boaseng's, Agent, from 20c. upwards.

The Morinville Store

We have now opened for business with a complete stock of Groceries, Edmonoton prices. Live stock and all farm produce bought. Highest price paid for wheat and oats. Stopping place in connection. Telephone communication with St. Albert and Edmonton.

A. MARTIN & Co.

\$15.00 REWARD.

Three horses lost about July 14 from J. C. C. Bremner's pasture, Clover Bar.

Brown colts to 7 years old, weight about 1,100 lbs.

Bay horse five years old, white face and white feet, weight about 1,200 lbs.

Light bay colts four years old, star in forehead weight about 1,100 lbs.

All these branded with "on left cheek."

Above reward will be paid to any person returning the same to

J. C. C. BREMNER, Clover Bar

Stirring War Times.

You all want the latest and fullest war news. You will find it in the Winnipeg Tribune. Special arrangements have been completed by The Tribune to secure the fullest and most reliable news from the seat of war in South Africa. If you get your mail even two or three times a week, The Daily Tribune will be found of great interest. Don't forget that it is mailed to any address for 35c per month, or \$1 for 3 months.

The Weekly Tribune

the great family newspaper and farmers' friend—16 pages, 112 columns of reading matter each issue—is mailed from now to January 1, 1901, for

Only One Dollar.

It contains the complete war news of the week.

The local general elections of Manitoba are at hand. The Dominion elections may not be very far away. Don't be misled with garbled political reports. Subscribe for the Tribune, which publishes the actual facts and allows the people to judge for themselves. Address all orders to

THE TRIBUNE PUBLISHING CO., Winnipeg.

Canadian Pacific

RAILWAY.

Excursion rates to all Winter Resorts.

Pacific Coast, California, Hawaiian Islands, Japan, the Bermudas and the West India Islands.

Quickest and Best Train Service to the East and West.

The only direct service to the Kootenay.

Tourist Car Service to Montreal, Toronto, Vancouver, Seattle and San Francisco.

For information and full particulars apply to nearest agent or address

Wm. SETTE, A.G.P.A. Winnipeg. C.E. McPHELAN, G.P.A., Winnipeg.

EDMONTON BULLETIN

(Semi-Weekly)

Printed Monday and Friday evenings.

Subscription \$1.00 per Year
STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.Transient advertisements: Five lines and under,
three insertions and under, \$1.00, or ten cents a line
first insertion and five cents a line each week or last
of week after.Standing advertisements: \$5.00 an inch per month.
BULLETIN Co. (LTD.)

Special Advertisements.

Situations vacant, Situations wanted, Found, Lost,
Notices of Meetings, in solid form—25 words or under
25c. for one insertion, and a cent a word for each
word over 25.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, FEB. 19, 1900

PARLIAMENT.

Ottawa, Feb. 10.

Although the debate on the address was ended in double quick time the business of the session cannot be said to have advanced at galloping pace in the three succeeding working days that have elapsed. Wednesday and Thursday were what are called private members days—that is days devoted to the advancement of public bills and resolutions introduced by private members. Although the order paper showed a large number of bills and resolutions on miscellaneous subjects only a few, and these of minor importance were disposed of. There is a strong suspicion that neither private members, meaning chiefly members of the opposition—nor the government are yet quite ready to rush business.

Mr. Davin introduced a bill to amend the act respecting pensions to the members of the Northwest mounted police. In his explanation Mr. Davin said: "By this (bill) I will accomplish a little more than the present law accomplishes, but I will mainly accomplish by these two sections what was undoubtedly aimed at by the act passed in 1898." The bill also provided that the pension of officers must be obtained by promotion from the ranks with the exception in special cases in favor of cadets of the military college or commissioned officers of the Canadian militia or the Imperial service. And further provision was made that the pensions of officers should be calculated on a basis of their whole term of service in the force and not merely on the length of their service as officers as at present. The bill received a first reading without debate.

Question of the ministry developed sundry more or less interesting facts. The overcoats of the mounted police are sheepskin and cost \$174 each. Tax. H. Ross was paid \$16 a day as Indian treaty commissioner in the Athabasca district. Severn Villeneuve, late of St. Albert, who was shown to have taken bribes when acting as doorkeeper of the gold commissioner's office in the Yukon, has left the service, but was not dismissed. None of the Yukon officials against whom charges were made before Commissioner Ogilvie had been prosecuted because no sufficient grounds was shown for doing so. Commissioner Ogilvie has received \$1,000 a year increase of salary and is allowed \$2,000 as living allowance, \$250 a year, for house rent and \$90 a month for housekeeper. Sir Herbert Tupper asked a large number of questions regarding Yukon matters.

Mr. Davin complained of the working of the act passed last session granting relief to settlers who had become sureties for seed grain supplied their neighbors. He moved for a return of correspondence and asked that the minister of interior look over it carefully, with a view to giving better effect to the intent of the act.

Sir Charles Tupper complained that the Winnipeg Free Press had misrepresented him, and threatened to move for the expulsion of the reporter of that paper from the reporter's gallery. The correspondent had said that in his speech on the address he had attacked the French-Canadians. This Sir Charles emphatically denied.

Thursday was practically taken up by a debate on Sir Charles Tupper's complaint against the Free Press for mis-reporting him; a further report which had appeared in that paper being the basis. Sir Charles gave his own political history at great length to prove that he was not hostile to French-Canadians. Messrs. Bourassa, McIntosh, Wallace, Davis, Monk, and a number of others took the opportunity thus afforded to work off a part or the whole of the speeches which they had prepared to deliver in the debate on the address. The purpose was to fit on the opposite party responsibility for the raising of the race cry in Canadian politics during the past few months and which owing to its flitting out in the debate on the address no one was willing to father, although someone had certainly attempted to use it.

In reply to an enquiry by Mr. Prior, of Victoria, the premier said that the government was ready to deal with the offer of a contingent for South Africa by the province of British Columbia as they had with the offer of Lord Strathcona that is put at their disposal all our machinery, officers, and organization, to organize the contingents that may be offered, the province bearing all expenses.

In reply to an enquiry it was stated the penitentiary system of '96 was sold at \$5 per 100; of '97 at \$5.25; of '98 at \$1.95; and of '99 at \$7.25 for manilla, lower grades being in proportion.

Friday was a government day and it was expected that Hon. Mr. Fielding resolution to appropriate two mil-

lion dollars towards the expenses and payment of the contingents would be taken up. But Sir Charles Tupper, Hon. Mr. Foster and Sir Herbert Tupper were absent and the question stood over until Tuesday next.

A suggestion by Mr. McNeill that on the departure of the Lienser regiment of regulars from Halifax, the Canadian government should undertake the maintenance of a garrison there and also in Bermuda was made another occasion of letting free belated address speeches. Messrs. McNeill, Davin, Charlton and others took part. On this occasion the note was much higher than before, and related Canada's imperial responsibilities, upon which there seemed to be little or no difference of opinion.

Hon. Mr. Borden, minister of militia, in reply to Mr. McNeill's direct question said that the government had arranged to garrison Halifax with Canadian troops and was now negotiating with the imperial authorities regarding Bermuda.

In reply to Mr. Davin the minister also said that it was the intention of the government to at once recruit the mounted police to its full strength before volunteers were taken to South Africa; and to proceed with the organization of mounted rifle corps throughout the west as had been already decided and partially arranged for last fall.

Hon. Mr. Tarte has been very ill for several days and has been unable to attend the sittings of the house. He has not entirely recovered from the sickness for which he was operated on in Paris, and is indeed a very sick man.

SCRAPS OF DEBATE.

Growth of Canadian Trade.

From HUSBAND.

Mr. Gould moving the address in reply to the speech from the throne:

"Our foreign trade has increased in the three years since 1896 by no less than \$82,000,000, but to enable one fully to grasp the greatness of this increase, a comparison is necessary. I find from the trade and navigation returns that the increase is greater by some \$16,000,000 than the increase for the eighteen years from 1878 to 1896. But great as has been the increase in the last three fiscal years the trade of the present fiscal year bids fair to surpass it by millions. Our total foreign trade for the six months ending December was \$203,000,000, which is within \$1,000,000 of the total foreign trade for the full fiscal year of 1899, and within \$35,000,000 of the total foreign trade for the fiscal year of 1890. Our exports too, have largely increased; our exports are greater by \$20,000,000 for the six months of the present fiscal year than for the full year of 1899, and within \$12,000,000 of those for the full fiscal year of 1896. If the present rate of progress in our trade continues to the end of this fiscal year we shall touch the \$375,000,000 mark. Our highest foreign trade under the late administration was \$247,000,000 and if our expectations be realized our foreign trade for 1900 will exceed that of the best year under the late government by over \$125,000,000.

"I am pleased to notice that the department of agriculture has pursued a progressive policy in reference to our old storage and shipping facilities. Canada has now obtained a strong foothold in the markets of Great Britain, and it behooves the government and all their supporters to see that they strengthen their hold on that market. It must be a source of pride to all Canadians to know that Canadian butter, Canadian bacon, and Canadian cheese, takes such a high place in the estimation of the British consumer. The export of these products in Canada is largely increasing, so that we may well expect to maintain our hold on the British market. Permit me for a moment to give a few figures as to the volume of our trade in these articles. In 1896 we shipped to Great Britain nearly 5,000,000 pounds of butter; in 1899 we shipped to Great Britain 19,000,000 pounds of butter. In 1896 we shipped to Great Britain 164,000,000 pounds of cheese; in 1899 we shipped to Great Britain 189,000,000 pounds of cheese. Our exports of bacon to the old land have increased enormously. In 1896 we exported 47,000,000 pounds of bacon; in 1899 we exported 111,000,000 pounds of bacon."

THE ADVANTAGES OF CANADA.

Sir Charles Tupper debating the address in reply:

"You cannot show me to-day, on the face of this globe, a population equal to the population of Canada, enjoying greater advantages or enjoying the blessing of greater wealth, greater prosperity or greater progress. That is the position we occupy. How is it as to foreign aggression. We occupy this position, but every person knows that not one foreign foot can touch the soil of Canada, no finger from any foreign power can be placed upon a Canadian without we have, as I have already shown you, in the magnificent reference to it by the hon. secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Chamberlain, in which he said, surrounded by the right hon. prime minister and the other premiers, that the great army and the unrivalled navies of England were not for aggression, but that they were evidence to the outlying portions of this great Empire of their complete security and complete immunity from foreign aggression. Will you show me any people in any country in the world that enjoy these advantages on the terms that Canada enjoys them, with the most absolute, the most perfect, as the right hon. gentleman has stated, the most complete independence, (Continued on page four.)

You Save Money

AT THE
SIGN OF THE

The cold season has now arrived. Prudent buyers are now selecting their Heating and Cook Stoves. Call and examine our lines in

Stewart's "Good Cheer"
McClary's "Famous"
AND
Gurney's "Oxford".

Wood and Coal Cooks, Cast and Steel Ranges and Heaters, all styles and patterns. See our

"Agricultural furnaces"

With Coal Grate. Something new in this section.



..WE HANDLE..

McDougall's CELEBRATED Iron Pumps

And carry the largest stock west of Winnipeg.

You have the benefit of thirty years' experience in the Stove and Hardware trade when you deal with

STOVEL & STRANG,

Phone 66.

Corner Main and Queen Streets

For the Best Goods at Lowest Prices

..GO DIRECT TO THE..

Manchester House.

(ESTABLISHED 1898)

The Great Bargain Centre of Edmonton

SPECIAL SNAP IN THE FOLLOWING LINES:

Serges in all Popular Shades, 25c. per yard.
Black Figured Goods (Special) 30c. per yard.
Good Ginghams, 7c. per yard.
Flannelettes, 20 yards for \$1.00.
Flannelette Blankets (11½) \$1.00 per pair.
Large Range of Corsets, 50c. and upwards.
Handkerchiefs (Plain and Fancy) 2 for 5c., 5c., and 3 for 10c., etc.
Ladies' Silk Gloves, all shades, 32 in. Special. 75c

Agent for the Delineator Co. A full supply of Butterick's Patterns kept on hand.

W. JOHNSTONE WALKER.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

War Insurance.

Below is the exact wording
of a New York Life Policy:

"This Policy is absolutely free of conditions as to Residence, Occupation and Travel, as to Habits of Life, and as to Manner, Time or Place of Death. No permit or extra premium will be required for Military or Naval Service, either in time of Peace or in time of War."

IMPORTANT NOTICE.—The Agent at Edmonton has been given special power to issue Interim Receipts which take effect at once and are absolutely binding on the Company even before a Medical Examination is made. Call and see our Policy. Insurance in force \$1,060,000,000.

Yours for the Best, Strongest and Most Progressive Insurance Company in the World.

A. G. HARRISON, District Agent.

Office next McDougall & Secord's, Edmonton.

What's the Use
of Advertising?

Why do you
Spend Money
in it?

You advertise to attract business.

You attract business by attracting attention to your business. By getting your business before the public, so that those who want what you have got will come to you for it.

Any means of getting your business before the public is advertising. The question is: what is the cheapest and most effective means.

Probably the most striking example of the results of judicious advertising is the success of the departmental stores. This success could not be achieved except by advertising; and it could not be achieved except by newspaper advertising. By no other means could the attractions of these stores be brought before such a wide and distant circle of customers as by newspaper advertising.

The value of a newspaper as a means of advertising depends upon its circulation coupled with its standing with the community. A newspaper without standing, which does not itself attract attention and inspire confidence, is little or no better than a poster or circular which is thrown aside as soon as its nature is discovered. While a newspaper which does arouse the interest and inspire the confidence of the public is read and re-read, and passed from hand to hand for weeks after it reaches the subscriber.

The BULLETIN is read more widely throughout the Edmonton district than any other newspaper. An advertisement in the columns of the BULLETIN is the best value that can be got for the money in reaching the people of the district.

The value of an advertisement is not in the space which it occupies so much as in the circulation which it receives. Ten inches of space in a paper of 500 circulation is not nearly as good value to the advertiser as five inches of space in a paper having 1000 circulation.

Advertising space \$1.00 an inch per month. Change as often as you please.

Edmonton Bulletin, Semi-weekly \$1

THE ADVANTAGES OF CANADA.

(Continued from page three.)
 enjoying everything that complete independence can give us and standing to-day as part of the British Empire. We have the fact that we are part of that great empire, under whose aegis all our rights and liberties are secured from foreign aggression. What is the position of any other country in the world compared with that of Canada? Countries, with the comparative resources and population of Canada are borne down with heavy, onerous, oppressive taxation to sustain an army and a navy to protect them against foreign aggression. Under these circumstances where is the man to be found who will say that Canada, in this hour of her great prosperity, will shrink for one single moment from the duty imposed by the grandeur of our position, the strength of our position, will shrink for a single moment from standing by in the hour of her necessity, that gives us all this and absolutely for nothing. That great navy which is equal to the combined navies of the two other greatest maritime powers of the world; that great navy, as Mr. Chamberlain has shown, is always ready to come with speed of lightning across the Atlantic to the rescue of Canada. We are told, too, that we are not to contribute one dollar to the army or navy of England. This is the hour of England's need as everyone must know who has witnessed the fearful cost of blood and treasure which England has been put to in the struggle in South Africa. Where is there a man to be found in Canada, who under these circumstances, would ask that at additional penny be charged against the people of the British Isles for the maintenance of the forces sent by the Canadian government to aid the mother country in her necessity. When certain gentlemen speak of taxation without representation, do they know what they are talking about?

If the parliament of Great Britain were to impose a single dollar of taxation upon the people of Canada for the support of the great navy which gives security to our commerce, that would be taxation without representation; but to tell me that the free parliament of Canada can contribute the money of this country to help in her hour of need the great empire of which we are proud to form a part is to tell me that which every person knows to be at variance with the facts.
 And what about the constitutional question? We may be told that parliament did not vote the money. True. But under the constitution of England as in the constitution of Canada what after folly and absurdity is to talk about violation of the constitution because parliament was not assembled to vote the money expended. We have the same system as the British parliament, namely: That while you must have the vote of parliament for the expenditure of all public moneys, there is the great exception, that whenever an unforeseen emergency arises, whenever the government feel they would be justified in taking the public money, leaving it to parliament to endorse their action afterwards, they have the same power as in England to take that money in order to meet that emergency."

THE POSITION OF BRITAIN TO HER COLONIES.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier debating the address in reply:
 "The spectacle given to-day by England and her colonies is unique in the history of the world. It is unprecedented. The causes of the war are unprecedented. This war is not waged for conquest; it is not waged for territory; it is not waged for the subjugation of a proud people. The causes of the war may be summed up in a few broad, comprehensive lines. During the present century, especially during the last sixty years, there have sprung out of the wilderness of South Africa into existence and into very great importance 'new' states—I use the word 'state' in its broader, generic significance—the Cape, Natal, Rhodesia, the Orange Free State and the Transvaal. Two races, the English and Dutch, have founded those states, and brought them to the condition in which they are to-day. Three of them, the Cape, Natal, and Rhodesia, are British colonies. In two of them, the legislative power belongs to the native Dutch population. In all of them the two races are more or less mixed and intermingled. In some of them the British population has the ascendancy in point of numbers. In others the ascendancy belongs to the Dutch population. The question is, now is the dominant power in every one of these states to treat and deal with the population of the other origin? How is England to treat and deal with the Dutch population under her domination? How are the Dutch population to treat their English fellow-citizens? This is the problem which, in one form or another, has been exercising British statesmen and Dutch statesmen for a great many years. So far as England is concerned, she has solved the problem already. She has solved it in her usual liberal, high-minded, highly civilized methods. Wherever England has the sway, in the Cape, in Natal, in Rhodesia, she has given to the Dutch population every right and every privilege which is the birth-right of her own children. Everything which she gives to the English-speaking people she gives to the Dutch-speaking people. Everything she retains from the Dutch-speaking people she retains from the English-speaking people as well. On the other hand, in the Transvaal the Dutch government has refused to give to the

English population those same rights and privileges which are willingly extended by Great Britain to the Dutch population in her own colonies. The government of the Transvaal has done this with the full and open assent of the Dutch population there and in the Orange Free State. Indeed, rather than give to the English population those equal rights which England gives to the Dutch population where she has the domination, the government of the Transvaal has declared war; and, rather than give up those rights and privileges of which she has been the champion all over the world, England has accepted war. Now, the issues are in the hands of that supreme power which builds up and destroys empires and nations, whose ways are inscrutable, whose judgments are ever righteous even though they bring disappointment and bitterness. Fondly do we hope, fervently do we pray that this mighty scourge of war may soon pass away; that it may end in a victory which, when achieved, shall take away from the Dutch population none of the rights which they have to-day but which will compel them to give to others the same treatment upon which they have always insisted for themselves which, when achieved, will probably bring about a grand confederation of those warring states, in which the rights, the privileges, the sentiments, the traditions, nay, the prejudices, of all sections of the population will be respected, in which there will be justice and freedom for all, and absolute equality before the law. With these grand ideals, these aspirations, these purposes before them, the colonies behind her—not to give her any assistance—she does not need that—but to affirm to the world that the unity of the British Empire is a real and living fact; to affirm to the world that the unity of the British Empire is based upon and derives its strength from the most ample local autonomy and the most unbounded respect for the rights and privileges of all its subjects. It is this which has inspired our policy, and that policy we submit with confidence for the approval of parliament.

CANADA AND THE WAR.

Hon. Geo. E. Foster debating the address in reply:

"These are wonderful days in which we live. The chains are being forged to-day on the anvil, which shall unite forever within their bonds every dependency of Great Britain indissolubly and so long as British civilization exists. That is the undercurrent note! Canadians have that note thoroughly within their beings to-day from Vancouver to Cape Breton and Halifax. That is the undercurrent note in Australia, in South Africa, in every dependency of Great Britain, even though it be a dependency where millions are conquered are to-day millions of the most loving and loyal British subjects that exist in the wide world. That is the sentiment which prevails among the multitudinous people who live in every quarter of the British possessions, secure in their rights and privileges, and glad as I that Canadians taking the public money, leaving it to parliament to endorse their action afterwards, they have the same power as in England to take that money in order to meet that emergency."

War is the greatest calamity that ever can befall a nation, say my right hon. friend. I deny it. There is one calamity which is tenfold greater. It is to lie down beneath insult and not avenge it, and not vindicate the rights which belong to human blood and human dignity. War is not always a calamity. How it goes down into the pettiness of modern commercial life and arouses patriotism and principle, and upon the altar of patriotism and principle consecrates its best and dearest! And who shall say that England now, as compared with England six months ago, that Canada to-day, as compared with Canada six months ago, is not on a higher, an immeasurably higher plane, now that selfish, commercial advantage is merged into a new life, a life which is influenced by a feeling of sacrifice for great principles and the achievements of a greater progress and civilization?"

THE DUTY OF CANADA.

Sir Richard Cartwright debating the address in reply:

"When Canada sends her sons to the front, Canada becomes responsible and will know how to redeem that responsibility to the widows and orphans of the brave men who may fall in this conflict. We do not propose to shift this duty on to the shoulders of any insurance company, and I may remind the house that, with the full concurrence of this council, my hon. friend (Sir Wilfrid Laurier) gave that assurance to the last contingent that sailed from Canada. Sir, I have no fear that the Canadian people will shrink from that duty. The success of the contributions to the patriotic fund is a clear proof that they are ready and willing to do their part. I am glad to see that individuals contribute generously out of their means to so good a cause, but I repeat that there is a right way and a wrong way of doing these things. I say that the government have chosen the right way, and I say again that the brave men in the front have no fear, if it should please providence that they should reside on the soil of Africa, that their widows and little ones will not be the wards and the care of the state and the wards and care of every true and honest-minded Canadian."

Mr. Bourassa discussing Sir Charles Tupper's disclaimer of attempt to raise a race cry in Canadian politics:
 "To sum up my argument, let me say that the hon. gentleman has no

right, based upon anything which may have been said by hon. gentlemen on this side, to accuse of disloyalty any French Canadian British subjects in this country. We have a right to understand and to interpret the constitution of this country according to our judgment, and we have a right to do without being charged with disloyalty. We have a right to interpret the British constitution, and the Canadian constitution, according to our judgment, without laying ourselves open to the charge of disloyalty because our interpretation differs from that of the lobby party. There was no occasion for charging us with entertaining different views from those our words express, there was no occasion at all for insinuating that we were acting as Frenchmen in sympathy with France, instead of as British subjects. I say that the right hon. gentleman opposite having uttered those words, that have been quoted, he cannot now complain if the press of the country interpret his words as an attempt to raise the race and religious cry in Canada."

Ottawa, Feb. 12.—The Dominion government has dismissed Mr. Dan Smith, inspector of public works in Manitoba, and R. S. Parks, formerly inspector of homesteads and now of the Dominion land office, Manitoba. This has been done in view of the action of Hugh John Macdonald's government in dismissing provincial officials. Others will follow, and names will be given. There is said to be a considerable list ready, which will probably wait for the future action of Hugh John Macdonald's administration.

Railway Time Table.

EXPRESS AND MAIL TRAINS.

| INCOMING. | |
|-------------------------|------------|
| Mondays and Fridays: | |
| Leave Calgary at | 8 a. m. |
| Arrive at | 5 p. m. |
| Tuesdays and Thursdays: | |
| Leave Calgary at | 7:30 a. m. |
| Arrive at | 7 p. m. |
| OUTGOING. | |
| Tuesdays and Saturdays: | |
| Leave Strathcona at | 8:30 a. m. |
| Arrive at Calgary at | 5 p. m. |
| Wednesdays and Fridays: | |
| Leave Strathcona at | 7:30 a. m. |
| Arrive at Calgary at | 7 p. m. |

All trains carry passengers, mail and express. Tuesday and Wednesday trains carry only a log bag, and no way mail is taken for points between Calgary and Edmonton.

PRIVATE BILL.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Northwest Territories at the next session thereof for an Ordinance to incorporate the "Edmonton Public Hospital."

The object for which the said incorporation is sought is to carry on the work of a Public or General Hospital and that the said Corporation shall have perpetual succession and a common seal and by the name of the "Edmonton Public Hospital" may from time to time and at all times purchase, acquire, receive, accept, build, hold, possess and enjoy any lands, tenements and hereditaments and real and movable property and estate within the Territories, together with such grants, devices, gifts and bequests as may be made by and received from the Government of the Dominion of Canada, the Territorial Government or any other corporation, person or persons whatsoever for the sole use and benefit of the said hospital.

Dated at Edmonton, in the District of Alberta the Sixth day of February, A. D. 1906.

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You can't be a consistent church member and trade horses on Sunday. Neither can you be consistently successful and rob your pocket by buying poor goods for more than they're worth.

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 WILL BUY THE

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If you know the Mill you will be pleased to learn that we have attached the nearest larger attachment made in Canada. If you don't know the Mill come to our room, bring some of your grain, and we will prove to you that we rate the market, and it is to be done, exact to turn, and to pay for, and last but not least, the best cleaner and grader in the market.

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Is now on, day and evening, at
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 Table unsurpassed. Good sample rooms. Very
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JASPER HOUSE, north side of Main street. The

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 in Northern Alberta. First-class weekly and daily
 rates. Rooms, German, French and Belgian. Special
 in connection. Also first-class livery and feed stable.
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Refitted throughout. Best wines, liquors and
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Vol.

FARMERS' MILL-FORT SASKATCHEWAN
It will, no doubt, be of the greatest interest to the farming community around Fort Saskatchewan, and to the country in general to learn that the Farmers' mill of this place is nearing completion. The building, one of the finest and largest of its kind in Alberta, has been finished for some time, and the mill's machinery is being put in by its makers, the Goldie, McCulloch & Co., whose men are on the spot and hard at work. When completed and in working order this mill will be one of the most conspicuously beneficial institutions which a farming district like Fort Saskatchewan could possess. Much must be said in praise of the promoters of the scheme which the directors are following out. The stock is made up of 300 shares sold at 60 dollars a share. The sale of the shares is to be confined as much as possible, to the farmers in the district and the grain for the mill is to be bought only from people holding shares. The prices offered will be those of Fort William with a reasonable addition of freight charges. Thus the farmers of this district who hold shares, and they nearly all do, will generally have a good market for their grain. As to making the mill pay for itself and keeping up a good outside market for its flour, here again a good scheme has been devised. Only No. 1 wheat of the highest grade will be used for export flour, thus creating a desirable brand that will always find a ready sale in any market. Institutions like these deserve encouragement and it is to be hoped that other farming communities will follow in the footsteps of the enterprising farmers of the Fort Saskatchewan district.

Feb. 14, 1900.

WETASKIWIN.

At last we have had a real touch of winter. For the past few days the weather has been extremely cold with a very high wind veering from west to northwest. This is rather an unusual state of things here for the time is that in this section of the country cold weather such as we are having now, we have a perfect calm. In consequence of the winds the snow has drifted considerably and in many instances the trails are hardly passable.

William MacDonnell has definitely decided to start a newspaper in the village and his preliminary arrangements for so doing are now nearly completed. That it is required is a certainty and that it will call a spade a spade is a moral certainty as Mr. MacDonnell will himself take the editorial chair.

A very successful supper was given the other night by the local camp of Moosehounds. Mr. A. R. Dickson in the chair and Mr. McManus, the newly appointed C. P. R. agent, in the vice-chair. About 30 members and six guests sat down to supper which was served in the Criterion Hotel, owned by Mr. Frank Hamilton and did honor to his well known management. The particular feature of the occasion was that everyone who spoke took care to express his personal loyalty to the empire and to the throne. Such meetings certainly do good and the Moosehounds have shown an example worthy of being followed.

The grand ball and cakewalk given by William MacDonnell at the opening of his hall, Wednesday, the 14th, was a huge success notwithstanding that the night was one of the most cold and stormy that we have had this winter. There were nearly two hundred people present and dancing was kept up until 5 o'clock in the morning. The order was perfect and the music by the Flager Brothers, excellent. Of course the cakewalk was the "piece de resistance" led most gracefully by Mr. S. T. Conlon, and the audience signified by their applause that Messrs. MacDonnell and McManus were the winners of the cake. Mr. MacDonnell before the cakewalk thanked the ladies and gentlemen for their attendance, especially the ladies for braving the elements. Mrs. MacDonnell presided at the piano and her excellent playing of the enlivening "Georgia Camp Meeting" materially helped the cakewalkers. In the supper as in everything else no expense was spared and Mr. Frank Hamilton served a perfect banquet. The hall was most tastefully decorated in patriotic style.

CAPE NOME.

Next spring the Cape Nome gold fields are likely to be the scene of activity similar in character to that witnessed in the Klondike in the spring of 1898. Outfitting at Victoria and Seattle has been going on at a great rate, and a consular report from Victoria points out that it is computed that 25,000 persons desire to go to Cape Nome as soon as possible. Cape Nome is 2,500 miles, entirely by water from Victoria. This consular report also tells us that prospectors with the rudest pans have cleared from \$50 to \$100 and even \$300 per day, while sometimes a clean up of from \$1,000 to \$1,500 has been reported. Nuggets worth from \$200 to \$1,000 were found near Anvil Creek, and it is believed \$300,000 to \$1,000,000 were taken out of Snow Gulch last summer, one man, it is said took out \$100,000, another claim is still more. While Cape Nome is much nearer the base of supplies than the Klondike, on which account the hardships experienced by impetuous prospectors in this latter region are apt to be greatly minimized, still it behooves prospective miners not to go empty-handed or with little money in pocket.—Bradstreet's.

AS TO DANCING

Editor Bulletin.

In your issue of 12th inst. I note Rothery's idea of dancing. Please insert the following poem by the late Norman Macleod, D. D., of Barony Church, Glasgow, and one of Her Majesty's chaplains. Norman Macleod was one of the best Presbyterian ministers the world has ever known and his poem may help take the bad taste out of our mouths. I know nothing of Belmont, but note Rothery's attack on dancing at other stations in his sermons.

I AM.

O TEMPORA, O MORES.
Dance my children, lads and lassies
Out and shuffle, toes and heels!
Pipers, roar from every chanter
Hurricanes of Highland reels;
Make the old barn shake with laughter,
Beat its flooring like a drum;
Batter it with Tulliochorum,
Till the storm without is dumb;
Sweep in circles like a whirlwind,
Flit across like meteors glancing;
Crack your fingers, shout in gladness,
Think of nothing but of dancing.
Thus a gray-haired father speaks,
As he claps his hands and cheers;
Yet his heart is quietly drawing,
And his eyes are dimmed with tears.
Well he knows this world of sorrow,
Well he knows this world of sin,
Well he knows the race before them,
What's to lose and what's to win.
But he hears a far off music,
Guiding all the stately spheres,
In his father-heart it echoes,
So he claps his hands and cheers.

STRATHCONA.

Painter.

W. M. Davis and sons arrived this week from Allen, Nebraska, with a car of stock and effects. Their live stock includes ten fine mules. They have leased Wm. Walker's farm at Agricola.

A Massey-Sawyer 25-horse power engine arrived this week for Mr. Dennis, east of Beaver lake. He will use it for a portable saw mill.

The last Territorial Gazette announces the formation of eight new public school districts in the Territories. Of these six are in Northern Alberta, which gives us an idea where the home seekers are settling.

Mrs. Willis and family, of Waterloo, Ont., arrived this week to locate in the Stony Plain settlement.

C. E. Andrews, of Hingham, Mass., arrived on Monday night's train to inspect this district with a view to settlement.

Trimble Bros., general merchants at Leduc, have assigned to J. W. Kelly, of Edmonton.

OFFICERS OF STRATHCONA'S HORSE.
The following are announced as those appointed to commissions in Strathcona's Horse, the exact positions they will fill are not determined:

Officers of N. W. M. Police: S. B. Steele, R. Belcher, A. E. Snyder, A. H. Jarvis, D. H. Howard, P. L. Cartwright, W. Parker, graduate of the Royal Military College, of Kingston; R. C. Laurie, B. M. Courtney, J. E. Leckie, R. H. B. Magee.

(It has since been announced that Insp. Belcher, who was to be second in command, will be unable to go on account of illness. This will probably cause a general promotion of the junior officers.)

Officers of the active militia—Major G. W. Cameron, Royal Scots; Capt. J. F. Macdonald, 37th battalion; E. F. Meckie, 50th battalion; P. R. Ball, Manitoba Dragoons; T. E. Pooley, P. C. Garrison Artillery.

Unattached—A. W. Strange, A. E. Christie, E. C. Parker, late captain 15th Foot, and Surgeon C. P. Keenan, V. S., of Montreal.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Queen's—Albert Kube, Dan Brox, Spruce Grove; David Bannerman, Leduc; Henry Kube, John Wetlauffer, Elmira; H. Edwards, John Beaudry, Morinville; R. Stewart, town.

Jasper—Levi Leggett, Philip Bauncheon, Wm. Fraser, town; H. M. Bray, R. A. J. McDonald, Chas. Nelson, John Robinson, Sturgeon; M. Guertin, Fort Saskatchewan; E. Herbert, Athabasca Landing; Wm. Wells, F. A. Pierce, W. Mason, Chas. Brumfit, New Lunnan.

Regarding a public demonstration to Lord Strathcona on his return to Canada the Montreal Star says:

No tribute that Canadians can pay to the "Grand Old Man from Canada" will begin to represent the love that is in the heart of every Canadian the Dominion over. Something should certainly be done to show Lord Strathcona that Canada shares the Empire's gratitude for his acts that stand out as the greatest ever done by philanthropist for his country. Whatever form the demonstration takes, it should be broad, representative and appropriate.

Every province, every city, every town, every county should have a share in paying a nation's homage.

During his remarks Mr. Wyndham referred to the government's confidence in the power and splendid efficiency of the fleet, saying it had even been greater or more legitimate than now, but, in case of the fear of invasion, the garrisoning of the vast towns would devolve on the auxiliary forces, as it would be the first duty of the fleet to be off the enemy's coast or face to face with the enemy.

The government, Mr. Wyndham said, was not making an appeal for men and money in a spirit of panic. The risk was already much greater than a year ago. But it had increased in exact proportion to the reduction of

WITH STRATHCONA'S HORSE.

Trooper, W. A. Lowry, writing from Calgary on the 14th says:

I am writing from the barracks' mess room, the troop being in barracks here yet.

Was told off a few minutes ago on fatigue duty to take 72 horses to load at the station, but there were more men there than horses. There are about 200 men here at present. We leave for Ottawa to-night at six. The men from Vancouver and the rest of the B. C. men come in to-night, except those who come by the Crow's Nest Pass. We are only allowed to take hand baggage with us as there is a troop of 49 men in each car with a compartment at one end for the baggage. The train is, of course, a special consisting of tourist cars. Some of the horses are not of a very promising character and no doubt will act lively when the accoutrements are put on.

The people of Calgary gave us a rousing smoker last night at the barracks' mess room.

The men are a fine lot of hardy fellows and particularly well behaved. We have been drilling four hours a day since last week.

Col. Steele complimented the Northern Alberta contingent.

Expect a good time going down to Ottawa where I will write you further.

CARTWRIGHT ON RACIAL HATRED.

"Sir, the lesson that South Africa is teaching us to-day is the extreme impolicy and misfortune of allowing racial hatred to prevail or develop. Four-fifths of the trouble which the English generals have had to deal with arises from the fact that a large portion, I am sorry to say, of the inhabitants of Cape Colony are rather in sympathy with the Boers than the British. Every man who has paid attention to the subject knows that Canada at the best would be a hard country to defend, at any rate against invasion from the south, and if under such circumstances we found Quebec hostile, or disaffected or even neutral, I ask you all to calmly consider what chance we could have of making a successful defence. I repeat that the man who attacks the loyalty of the French-Canadians, whether it be on the floor of this house, or elsewhere, is a worse foe of the British Empire than it was ever in the power of Mr. Paul Kruger to be."

WYNDHAM ON THE WAR.

The Imperial House of Commons was crowded on Monday in anticipation of the statement of Mr. George Wyndham, parliamentary secretary of the war office, in regard to army measures. Mr. Wyndham said the country would soon have over half a million men. Mr. Wyndham rose, amidst cheers, when the house went into committee on supply, and said that he did not propose to deal with the question of the prosecution of the war, but would proceed immediately to outline the military measures necessary for placing the home defence on a satisfactory footing. The government had not even considered the question of compulsory service, which was entirely unnecessary, in view of the activity of recruiting for the auxiliary forces. Since the war 10,000 recruits had joined under the existing conditions, and as improved facilities were offered, he anticipated that the voluntary auxiliary forces if their efficiency was increased, would easily suffice for a passive defence, and to garrison the seaports and other positions. They might even be qualified for undertaking more onerous duties.

The government propose to put the garrison of the militia on the same scale as the regulars and embody the whole militia. During the spring and summer the volunteers artillery would be retrained and a higher capitulation would be given the volunteers, coupled with the demand for higher efficiency. A mounted infantry volunteer corps would be formed and the yeomanry would be trained on the same broad basis. The artillery, army service corps and engineers necessary for two additional army corps would be raised forthwith, namely 36 field batteries and seven horse batteries. The speaker also said it had been decided to raise 12 additional infantry battalions.

Mr. Wyndham said the existing cavalry forces would also be expanded by seven regiments and that commissions would be offered to militia officers, to the colonies (great cheering) and to the universities. At present there were 109,000 regulars in the country and the increase was anticipated to be 30,000. There were now 329,000 men in the auxiliary forces and it was estimated the increase would be 50,000 men. So, altogether, the country would soon have at least 517,000, and Mr. Wyndham anticipated the number would be nearer 600,000 than half a million.

During his remarks Mr. Wyndham referred to the government's confidence in the power and splendid efficiency of the fleet, saying it had even been greater or more legitimate than now, but, in case of the fear of invasion, the garrisoning of the vast towns would devolve on the auxiliary forces, as it would be the first duty of the fleet to be off the enemy's coast or face to face with the enemy. The government, Mr. Wyndham said, was not making an appeal for men and money in a spirit of panic. The risk was already much greater than a year ago. But it had increased in exact proportion to the reduction of

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Cook Stoves and Ranges

NEW PATTERNS NEW STYLES

Another Car of Cook Stoves to hand. No ADVANCE IN PRICES, but improvements in Stoves.

DOHERTY'S DE-CARBON STEEL STOVES

Will not crack or warp with heat. We carry the best assortment. Our Prices are Right.

Result—We sell the most.

GRAND JEWEL RANGES. (For Coal and Wood.) HAPPY HOME RANGES.

Handles! - Handles!

Just put into stock a Carload of assorted handles of all kinds.

AXE HANDLES—See our Second-growth Selected Handle for 25 cents.

EVERYTHING IN HANDLES AT EASTERN PRICES.

Pumps - Myers' - Pumps

We could handle twenty different makes of pumps, but we know from careful study of conditions and many years of experience that the MYERS' PUMPS properly set up give best results and longest wear for the money. Most water with least work. Thousands of feet of Pipe all sizes for Pumps. Competent workmen fit them up.

See our 1200lb Platform Scales with wheels at \$20

A Pointer. BUY BARB WIRE. We Handle it.

IT PAYS TO BUY ROSS BROS.

the home military defence which sufficed to justify the present demands for an increase of the resources for home defence.

FARMERS' MARKETS.

The only change in the local market report is a slight advance in the price of oats. 19c was paid to-day for best feed variety. Only a very little is being offered which accounts in part for the advance.

Wheat is unchanged. There is no quotation. Prices range from 25c to 48c for the best. Deliveries are very fair.

GENERAL NEWS.

Tasmania, Wash, Feb. 12.—Dawson advises say little will be left of the Klondike metropolis after the home rush in May and June. Merchants are closing out their places of business and instead of every building being crowded, "to let" signs are frequently seen. Business is dying and most of these dealers are going to Nome. Many workmen are leaving Dawson because of the new law preventing the re-locating of claims shall revert to the crown.

A London despatch of the 13th announces the receipt of two bulletins from Cape Town. One reported Col. Kekewich's report that the Boers had lost Mafeking, and taken to Kimberley, a six inch gun and several quick-firing field guns. This statement was based on the report of a native who accompanied the Boers, and the six inch gun in opening fire upon the garrison fully corroborated it. The siege of Mafeking has been virtually abandoned and the garrison no longer needs relief from Col. Plumer. The second bulletin reported an increase in the Boer fighting force before Kimberley and the construction of a new and formidable line of trenches by the besiegers. Lord Roberts has concealed his movements cleverly, but apparently the Boers are matching his concentration of forces with one of their own, leaving Col. Baden-Powell, master of Mafeking, and failing to take the prime minister's son to Pretoria.

Captain Fritz Henig, of the German army, the author of the modern method of advancing in open formation, in the course of a review of the military situation in South Africa, traces the mistakes of the campaign to their main source, as he thinks, in the underrating of the enemy. "England," he says, "thoroughly wrapped up in her belief in a professional soldierly, has always been inclined to underestimate the military strength of an opponent whose force consists of volunteer militia. The English military profession is ever prone to believe that every army with universal conscription, and a system of more or less short service with the colors, belongs to a somewhat inferior category. In this source of many of the mistakes of the English method of waging war, from the requirements of preparatory strategy down to the details of tactical conflict."

LOCAL.

—Alex. Taylor leaves in the morning for the east on a month's visit.

—Miss Campbell, is expected in to-night from Prince Albert, Ont., on a visit to her sister-in-law, Mrs. A. W. M. Campbell, of Fort Saskatchewan.

Dowling Milling Co LIMITED.

Our Mill, just completed, is equipped with the most approved and up-to-date machinery, consequently our brands of Flour are the best value, and give the utmost satisfaction. A trial of them will convince the purchaser that it is to his interest to buy none other.

BRANDS..
"BEST PATENT"
"STRONG BAKERS"
"GOLDEN HARVEST"
"WHITE CLOVER".

Bran, Shorts and Feed constantly on hand. Grinding and Chopping done on short notice.

Highest Cash Price Paid for Wheat.

Correspondence as to quotations, etc., will be promptly answered.

EDMONTON, ALBERTA.

Telephone connection.

Stirring War Times.

You all want the latest and fullest war news. You will find it in the Winnipeg Tribune. Special arrangements have been completed by The Tribune to secure the fullest and most reliable news from the seat of war in South Africa.

If you read your mail even two or three times a week, The Daily Tribune will be found of great interest. Don't forget that it is mailed to any address for 25c per month, or \$1 for 3 months.

The Weekly Tribune

The great family newspaper and farmers' friend.—16 pages, 112 columns of reading matter each issue—is mailed from now to January 1, 1901, for

Only One Dollar.

It contains the complete war news of the week.

The local general elections of Manitoba are at hand. The Dominion elections may not be very far away. Don't be misled with garbled political reports. Subscribe for the Tribune, which publishes the actual facts and allows the people to judge for themselves. Address all orders to

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WM. STITT, U. E. McPHERSON,
A. G. F. A. Winnipeg. G. F. A., Winnipeg.

FOUND.

Late last November in the Clover Bar Settlement I found on the road a gentleman's overcoat. I gave so far failed to find an owner for it. Anybody possessing property and having lost it can have it any time at my premises, Sec. 9 54 22.

R. J. FERGUSON, Fort Saskatchewan.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Northwest Territories at its next session by and on behalf of Joseph Eugene Laurenceau, bank manager, James Ross, merchant, Stanislas LaRue, merchant of Edmonton, Alberta N. W. T., in the said Northwest Territories, and of Louis Zephirin Mathieu, contractor, and Louis Arthur Bouvier, gentlemen, both of the city of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, and such other persons as shall become associated with them for an act of incorporation under the name of "THE PROVIDENT TRUST & INVESTMENT COMPANY" more specially for the purposes of executing the offices of executor, administrator, trustee, receiver, assignee, and carrying on a general trust, deposit, agency, loan and guarantee business with a place of business in the town of Edmonton, in the said Northwest Territories.

Edmonton, February 1st, 1900.